RETALIATION NOW BEGINS.

THE PRESIDENT ISSUES A PROCLAMA-TION AGAINST CANADIAN TOLLS. All Canadian Preight Passing Through St.

Mary's Pails Canal Must Pay an Assessment of 80 Cents a Tou-The Correspondence in the Case Also Made Public. WASHINGTON, Aug. 20 .- The State Department, by authority of the President, this after-noon made public the important action taken by the President under the Canadian retaliaion act of last session in partially suspending by proclamation the free navigation of the St. Mary's Falls Canal and imposing a toll of 20 cents a ton upon all freight passing through that canal from Canadian ports. The President's proclamation, though constructively executed in Washington city, was signed at Loon Lake two days ago and forwarded here for promulgation. The President also desired a memorandum of the correspondence to be made nublic at the same time.

The proclamation of the President is as fol-By the President of the United States of America, a Proclama

Whereas, by an act of Congress approved July 26, 1892, entitled "An act to Enforce Reciprocal Commer-cial Relations between the United States and Canada and for Other Purposes," it is provided that with a view of securing reciprocal advantages for the citizens. ports, and ressels of the United States, on and after the first day of August, eighteen hundred and ninetytwo, whenever and so often as the President shall be satisfied that the passage through any canal or look connected with the navigation of the the St. Lawrence River, the great lakes, or the waterways connecting the same, of any vessels of the United States or of cargoes or passengers in transit to any port of the United States is prohibited or is made difficult or burdensome by the imposition of toils or otherwise, which in view of the free passage through the st, Mary's Palls Canal now permitted to vessels of all nations, he shall deem to be reciprocally unfust and unreasonable, he shall have the pow-er, and it shall be his duty, to suspend by proclamation to that effect, for such time and such extent (including absolute prohibition) as he shall deem just, the right of free passage through the St. Mary's Falls Canal, so far as it relates to ves-sels owned by the subjects of the Government so discrim wattne against the citizens, ports, or vesse's of ernment making such discrimination, whether carried vessels of the United States or of other nations.

freight, of whatever kind or description, not to exceed \$2 per ton; upon passengers, not to exceed \$5 each, as shall be from time to time determined by the Presi-dent, provided that no tolls shall be charged or colected upon freight or passengers carried to and landed at Ogdensburg or any port west of Ogdensburg, and south of a line drawn from the northern boundary of the State of New York through the St. Lawrence River, the great lakes and their connecting channels to the porthern boundary of the State of Minnesota.

Rection 2. All tolls so charged shall be collected under such regulations as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, who may require the master of each vessel to furnish a sworn statement of the amount and kind of cargo and the number of passen-gers carried and the destination of the same, and such proof of the actual delivery of such cargo or passengers at some port or place within the limits above named as he shall deem satisfactory; and until such proof is furnished such freight and passengers may be onsidered to have been landed at some port or place outside of those limits, and the amount of tolls which would have accrued if they had been so delivered shall constitute a lien, which may be enforced against the vessel in default wherever and whenever found in the waters of the United States; and

Whereas, the Government of the Dominion of Canada imposes a toll amounting to about twenty cents per ton on all freight passing through the Welland Causi, and also a further toll on all vessels of the United States

Whereas, the Government of the Dominiou of Canada. n accordance with an order in Council of April 4, 1892. refunds 18 cents per ton, or the 20-cent toll at the Wel-and Canal, on wheat, Indian corn, peas, barley, rys, ests, flaxased, and buckwheat, upon condition tha they are originally shipped for and carried to Montreal transablyped at an intermediate point, such transablo-ment is made within the Dominion of Canada, but allews no such nor any other rebate on said products when shipped to a port of the United States, or when carried to Montreal for export if transshipped within the United States; and

Whareas, the Government of the Dominion of Canada by said system of rebate and otherwise discriminates against the citizens of the United States in the use of said Welland Canal in violation of the provisions of article 27 of the treaty of Washington, concluded May 8,

Whereas, said Welland Canal is connected with the navigation of the great lakes and I am satisfied that the passage through it of cargoes in transit to ports of the United States is made difficult and burdensume by said discriminating system of rebate and otherwise and is reciprocally unjust and unreasonable; Now, therefore, I. Benjamin Harrison, President of

that end conferred upon me by said act of Congress. approved July 26, 1892, do hereby direct that from and after Sept. 1, 1892, until further notice, a toll of 20 cents per ton be levied, collected, and paid on all freight of whatever kind or description passing through the St. Mary's Falls Canal in transit to any port of the n of Canada, whether carried in vessels of the do hereby auspend from and after said date the right of free passage through said St. Mary's Falls Canal of my and all cargoes or portions of cargoes in transit to

Canndlan ports.
In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seni of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington, the 18th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninenty-two, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and BENJ. HARRISON By the Presidents

Jour W. FOSTER Becrelary of State.

At an interview held at the Department of State on Monday, Aug. 1, the Secretary of informed Mr. Herbert, Charge of the British Legation, that in view of the passage of the act of Congress relating to the Canadian canal tolls the President would regard it his duty to issue, without delay, a proclamation based upon that act, imposing tolls upon products passing through the Bault Ste. Marie Canal dostined for Canadian ports, unless an assurance could be received from the Canadian Government within a few days that the discriminations now enforced in the Canadian Canals against American ports and lines of transportation would be discontinued.

Mr. Herbert answered that a few days' delay would be necessary in order to reassemble the Canadian Cabinet, the majority of whom were now absent from the capital; and he inquired of the Secretary what time would be considered reasonable for this purpose.

The Hocretary replied that he thought the Cabinet might be conveniently called together and take action within a week or ten days, and that nothing would be done by the President in the matter within that time.

Mr. Herbert said he would communicate immediately with the Governor-General of Canada by telegraph, and urge prompt action.

This correspondence followed:

Newroat, R. I., Aug. 5, 1892.

Hon. John W. Foster, Department of Saite Hashington, D. C. duty to issue, without delay, a proclamation

Man Correspondence Soliowed:

Newborn, R. I., Aug. 5, 1892.

Man, John W. Fader, Department of Nate. Fushington, D. C.:

Our negverasties of Monday, Lord Stantey tolegraphs impossible to arrive at decision till Monday at derilest, owing to absence of all the Ministers from Michael Innapan, NEWFORT, R. I. Aug. 6, 1892.

Man, John W. Poster:
I have received assurance of further consideration, May I consequently venture to hope that mosteps may betaken in mean time?

Michael Henry M. Bay ! Consumer time! Michael Hambers.

Ben. Michael Revert. British Charge. Neupor!

Grantied at your telegram. You may count upon reasonable time, such as indicated in our interview.

John W. Foster.

Consulate Green at the Consulate Green Consulate Consula DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON. Aug. 18, 1892.
Michoel M. Herbert, Newport:
When may I expect you here, or note on canitolle?

Hon. John W Praier, Department of State.
Your telegram of to-day. Have telegraphed to in-quire what day i may expect communication.

ceed under parity of conditions.

Mr. Herbert, Charge of the British Legation, called on the Secretary of State on Staturday, Aug. 20, and informed the Secretary that he had not yet received the official notice of the action of the Canadian Cabinet on the canal tells, but he hoped to be able to communicate it carly next week.

The Secretary of State and the United States Consul-femeral at Ottawa had reported that the decision of the Cabinet was to abolish the

rebate on tells at the end of the present sea-son, and that this had been confirmed by the Ministerial press of Canada. He then asked Mr. Herbert if this conformed to his informa-tion on the subject.

Mr. Herbert if this conformed to his information on the subject.

Mr. Herbort answered that he was not as yet authorized to make any official communication on the subject, but that he had no doubt the Consul-General's report was correct.

The Secretary of State then said that such a solution of the question would not be regarded as satisfactory to his Government; and, in answer to an inquiry, he said that the President considered it his duty to issue the proclamation contemplated by the act of Congress. But he gave Mr. Herbert the assurance that should the Canadian Government give notice of its decision to abolish the discriminations now complained of the proclamation would be suspended concurrently with such abolition.

THE PANAMA CANAL.

Indications that Work Will Soon be Resamed On the Big Direb. PANAMA, Aug. 18 .- At length there is some appearance of a genuine effort to reorganize the work on the Panama Canal. The latest advices from Paris are that a syndicate of canitalists has been formed under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce to carry on the enterprise, and that on the 3d inst. M. Mange, the Director-General of the Works, left for Panama with instructions to prepare the long disused plant to an immediate resumption of work. The engineering difficulties are now thoroughly understood, and the failures of the

thoroughly understood, and the failures of the past administrations will prevent the new ones from failing into the same errors that were the rocks upon which the enterprise was formerly wrecked.

The central lake system is that which will now be adopted, as it presents a comparatively easy method of making a good, navigable shipway between the two oceans. With the really vast amount of excavation already done, and which has suffered little change since the work closed, it may fairly be assumed that the material still to be handled brings the figures down to quantities that have no terrors for the engineers. The lake system, moreover, completely solves the great Chaptes problem, which has never been satisfactorily projects. From an uncompromising and invincible for the river will be converted into a powerful ally, without whose aid the work of canalizing the "baby Andes" might very well be regarded as hopoless. well be regarded as hopoless.

DYBOWSKI'S RETURN FROM AFRICA. The Region He Has Explored Will Be Val-

Paris, Aug. 20.-Mr. Dybowski has returned to France from Africa, to recruit his health, which was much impaired by his hard work north of the Mobangi tributary of the Congo, where he avenged the murder of the explorer Crampel, and made treaties with many native chiefs. He says that Crampel was betrayed to the Arabs by the Tuareg, whom he had taken with him from Algiers as a guide.

Dybowski had been sent out to Africa to follow in the footsteps of Crampel and establish trading posts in the regions which his predecessor placed under the protection of France: but when he heard of the murder of Crampel he hastened to inflict punishment upon his assassins, and it is assorted that the treatios he has made with tribal chiefs, insures to France all the territory comprised between the Mobangi and the Shari rivers, a large region never visited by explorers before Crampel and bybowski entered it. He has also explored three northern tributaries of the Mobangi, and near the source of the Kemo has established a French post.

The region between the Mobangi and the Shari, where bybowski has been at work, is very populous and fertile. A large part of it is under cultivation. Many of the products are exportable, such as various gums, ivory, and rubber. Coffee grows wild and cauld be raised to advantage. Profitable markets can be established, and the natives are eager to obtain upon his assassins, and it is asserted that the

o advantage. Prostable markets can be es-ablished, and the natives are eager to obtain

arter goods. Mr. Dybowski has brought home a very fine collection, including 10,000 items, and fully illustrating ethnology, botany, and zeology. The collection will soon be exhibited, either at the Museum or the Trocadero.

GLOOMY OUTLOOK IN INGLAND.

Mannfieturers Reducing Wages - Not Enough Work for Workingmen. London, Aug 20,-Several hundred shipwrights were discharged from the Clyde shipyards last evening and several hundred more are to be discharged to-day. The reason is that there is no work for them to do. Trade in Great Britain seems to be going from bad

The Lancashire weavers are agitating for a legal eight-hour day, in order to prevent the shut-downs caused by accumulation of stocks. shut-downs caused by accumulation of stocks. It is said that some of the masters are beginning to favor the eight-hour proposition.

The Caton Factory Times, a leading trade organ, has urged that the way to prevent overproduction is not to reduce wages, but to cut down supplies. A vote was taken on the subject of eight hours by the Preston weavers last night, and the result showed that 3.632 of the weavers were in favor of establishing an eight-hour day, while 050 voted against the proposition.

the proposition.

At Blackburn, fifteen miles from Preston, the seat of extensive cotton and woollen industries, a similar vete was taken among the spinners. The balloting showed that of the 1,102 votes cast, 1901 were in favor of the eight-hour day and 201 against it.

The masters in the fron and steel trades are considering a reduction of their employees. considering a reduction of their employees' wages, and the outlook for the British artisan could hardly be more gloomy.

RATAGES OF THE CHOLERA.

Terrible Mortality in Russin-Spreading Fulse Reports.

Sr. Perensuum, Aug. 20.-According to the official report there were 0.903 new cases of cholera yesterday throughout Russia and 2.376 deaths. This is a decrease of 1074 new

2,376 deaths. This is a decrease of 074 new cases and 1,108 deaths, as compared with the figures for Thursday.

The Governor of Nijni Novgorod has caused 150 strokes with a rod to be administered to a hospital attendant who had spread false reports about the cholora. In addition to this punishment the attendant, together with six other persons who had also spread false reports concerning the disease, were sentenced to three months' imprisonment. It is said that cholora has been imported into Siberia by convicts. Convicts.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 20. - Four deaths from cholers are reported from Jumet, near Charleroi, All the victims are working people.

Bessle Bellwood Hissed Of the Stage.

LONDON, Aug. 20.-The fact is just pubis hed that Bessie Bellwood, whose name was so notoriously associated with that of the late Duke of Manchester, was heartly hissed when she appeared on the stage of the Tivoli Hall on Thursday night. She attempted to sing. but was howled down, the crowd shouting busive inquiries as to why she had not the lecency to pay at least a nominal respect the memory of the man who had nearly ulned himself in his devotion to her. Thi ruined himself in his devotion to her. This was apparently not the view taken by Bessie as to her duty in the premises, and she resented the interruptions vigorously, but finally broke down and retired from the stage sobbing with mortification.

Anne Hathaway's Cottage.

LONDON, Aug. 20. - Anne Hathaway's cottage at Shottery has been purchased by the Shakespears birthplace trustees from Alderman Thompson of Stratford-on-Avon for £3,000. The trustees have also bought the furniture belonging to the occupier. Mrs. Baker, said to be related to Anne Hathaway by collatoral descent. The kitchen is wainscoted with carved oak, but several pieces are missing. Mrs. Baker will continue in charge as custodian with her son. The trustees will restore the cottage to its original condition, and the cottage will be governed by the same regulations as the birthplace and New Place.

The One Man. One Vote Question.

LONDON, Aug. 20. - Mr. Gladstone has written a letter in reply to an inquiry whether he would submit a measure to Parliament to abolish plural voting, in which he says that the Government has too recently come into office to make a practicable attempt in November next to pass legislation affecting the one man, one vote substitut. The matter, Mr. Gladstone adds, will receive the earliest possible attention, when it will not be encumbered by schemes for the redistribution of seats or reduction of the strength of the Irish members of the House of Commons.

The Prince of Wales has gone to Homburg. The subscriptions to the Cardinal Manning memorial now amount to nearly 15,000. The memorial will be a refuge for the homeless poor, without distinction of creed, but under Catholic management.

Signor Marini, a wealthy land proprietor, has been murdered by origands at Viterbo, in the Campagnad i lioma, forty-two miles north-west of Rome. Nignor Marini was associated with Garibaldi in his struggles for the liberation of Italy.

HER LITTLE ONES TAKEN AWAY. Mrs. Hartin, Bereft of Husband and Chil

dren, Tries to Kill Herself,

A painful scene occurred in the Yorkville Police Court yesterday morning. when Mary Narlin's three children were taken from her and given over to the care of the Sisters of St. Francis. The mother was allowed to retain her sixteen-months-old baby. The cldest of the other three children is seven years old. Mrs. Harlan, who lives at 307 West Sixty-eighth street, was deserted by her husband, Valentine Harlin, a plasterer, last spring. Since that time it is said that the woman has provided for her family in a very indifferent manner, and has spent her time in seeking her own amusement rather than in attending to the needs of her little ones. On Wednesday Mrs. Harlin was dispos-sessed for non-payment of rent, and agents of Gerry's society learned that the children and their grandmother, Mrs. Lincoln, were living huddled together

Mrs. Lincoln, were living huddled together in a single unfurnished room, while the mother was attending a plenic. They found the baby sleeping in a bureau drawer. Mrs. Lincoln and the other three children lay on the bare boor.

When Justice Taintor yesterday morning turned the three children over to the Sisters of St. Francis Mrs. Harlin was in court and became frenzied with grief upon hearing the decision.

"I will not be separated from my babies," she screamed. "Oh, my little Johnny! my poor Josie! my darling Willie! Come to your mother!" The little ones on beholding their mother's grief cried bitterly, and struggled to escape from the rolleeman who was leading them away. Mrs. Harlin rushed after them, and when restrained fell to the floor shricking and meaning her children's names. To add to the confusion, the dozen women who were in court approached the railing sobbing and wringing their hands out of sympathy for the heart-broken mother.

and wringing their hands out of sympathy for the heart-troken mother.

Finally order was restored, the children were taken away, and Mrs. Hartin was led out of court by a policeman. In the lobby she made a dash for an open airshaft window, and would have dashed her brains out on the flagging thirty feet below had not the policeman caught her just as she was going over the sil. She was breught before the Court on the charge of disorderly conduct. Justice Taintor asked her if she would go home, and she said: "No, I'll kill myself yet." She was then committed for examination, but was subsequently dis-charged on her promise to go home and be-have herself.

UNDER AN UNSEEN POWER, SHE SAYS. Mrs. Sirickland's Excuse for Strating a

Hook from Seribsers. A gray-haired woman, who said her name was Mrs. Mary Parison, and that she lived in Schermerhorn street, Brooklyn, was held yesterday in Jefferson Market Court on the charge of stealing a book worth \$1.25 from the store of Scribner & Sons, 745 Broadway. She had a subscription list for Mark Twain's, "The Prince and the Pauper." Ernest D. North, an employee of the Scribners, who appeared against her, said the firm would not have pressed a complaint had they not learned that she had recently been caught stealing books from Leggatt's and the American News Com-

pany. Justice Ryan held her for examination on Monday. When asked what she had to say in answer to the charge she replied: "I must have been unconscious when I did it."

A SUN reporter saw the woman yesterday in her cell. She is of medium height, and was dressed in mourn-

"My name is Madesus, maps in strucklass line Strickland," sho
said. "Mary Parisen was my maiden name.
I went to the store to buy some books. I
beked out a book I wanted and paid for it.
With it I picked up another book. I do not
know why I did it. Then the clerk stopped
me and wanted to know if I had paid for toth
of the books. I told him that it was a mistake,
and asked him to excuse me. I cannot tel and asked him to excuse me. I cannot tell how often I have taken books by mistaka. I feel that I am under the power of an unseen

feel that I am under the bowle of the hand."

The woman declared that her husband, who died several years ago, was a relative of the Scribners, and used to travel for a drug firm at 36 l'eekman street. She herself, she said, graduated from the Furgensonville Academy of Music in 1833. Since her husband's death she has lost a lot of property. She earned her living at first by giving music lessons and subsequently by selling books and keeping furnished rooms.

THE KNIGHTS' MONEY STOLEN.

Trensurer Davis Had Just Collected It to

ELIZABETH, Aug. 20.—A burglar last night entered the sleeping apartment of Adjt.-Gen. Fred Davis of the New Jersey Brigade Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias and carried off his military trousers, in the pockets of which were his gold watch and charm valued at \$85, a check for \$587, and \$325 in cash. Gen. Davis resides at 418 Fulton street, this city, and is also treasurer of Light contents. city, and is also treasurer of Unity division. Knights of Pythias.

The division decided to go to the national encampment of the order at Kansas City, and held a special meeting last night to complete arrangements, and also to collect the assessment levied on each member to defray the ex-

ment levied on each member to defray the expenses of the trip. There were \$112 paid in to Trensurer Davis, and he deposited \$587 of this for safe keeping until morning with W. H. Hultzseamper, a First street merchant, who belongs to the division and took his personal check for it.

The balance of the money Gen. Davis took to his residence. He transferred the money, watch, and check to the pockets of his uniform trousers when he got home, and went to bed at 12:30. His wife says she was awake until 3 o'clock, and Davis himself says he slept very little during the night. When the couple got up at 5 o'clock this morning the trousers which had been langing on a nail in the door at the foot of the bed, were missing. A pocketbook containing \$40, which lay on a bureau alongside, the bed, was not disturbed.

lay on a bureau alongside, the bed, was not disturbed.

Chief of Police Tenny is puzzled over the case, and Mrs. Davis is positive all the windows and doors were last when they retired. One window was found open this morning, but there were no marks on the outside to show that it had been tampered with.

Trensurer Davis had to do some lively hustling this morning to raise the money that he had lost, but he made the shortage good, and the division was enabled to start for kansas City on time. The payment of the stolen check has been stopped.

Mr. and Mrs. Davis have gone on the trip.

CARRIED AWAY STRANGELY.

A Dublin Merchant Who Found Himself Mysteriously on the Ocons. Nonwalk, Aug. 20.-Patrick Delaney, who

has been employed in a local dry goods store for three weeks, satted for his home in Dublin. Ireland, to-day, on the steamer Alaska. Mr. Delanoy is a dry goods merchant in Dub-lin. One evening last May, in company with a party of friends, he started out on a tour of the town at midnight. He says that after having paid for a number of rounds of drinks, all visited a gambling house, and a game was all visited a gambling house, and a game was soon under way.

After the game had been in progress about an hour a dispute arose and Delaney felt himself seized from behind and then everything became a blank. He remembered nothing more until he found himself in a berth on an ocean steamer bound for New York. Only a small sum of money remained in his clothes, and, not knowing what to do, he decided to come to Norwalk, wdere he had friends. He called on the Rev. Father W. J. Slooum of this city, and through him he secured a place in a Wall street dry goods store, where he remained until his relatives in Ireland sent him money to come home.

George C. Kipp, 83 years old, a retired merchant, of 232 East Thirty-first street, boarded a Becomd avenue surface car vesterday aftersoon to visit his son's undertaking shop at Eighth street and First avenue. Mr. Kipp is quite active notwithstanding his years. At Eighth street he jumped off. He did not notice a two-feot exeavation alongside of the track, and he fell into it. He was clambering out when the horses of car 255, hound up-town, knocked him down. The driver stopped the car in time to prevent the wheels from passing over Mr. Kipp. knocked min now...
car in time to prevent the wheels from passing
over Mr. Ripp.
He was carried into Newman's real estate
office, at 128 Second avenue, and his son. Herman, sent for. Mr. Kipp's toos were badly
crushed. His right side and leg were injured,
and his face bruised. He was taken home in a
carriage.

An Insurance Agent Missing.

NYACE, Aug. 20.-George C. Babcock, a wellenown insurance agent of this place, has disappeared. A warrant is out for his arrest. It is alleged that he appropriated to his own use moneys belonging to several insurance companies. companies.

OUR TROUBLES WITH TURKEY.

WHY TWO CRUISERS HAVE BEEN SENT TO THE BOSPHORUS.

former Instances of Neglect of the Turkish Government to Punish Those Who Have Injured American Citizens -Our Demands. WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.-The missionary trouble in Turkey, such as the burning of Dr. Bartlett's house at Bourdour. Asia Minor. which has occasioned the despatch of the gunboats Newark and Bennington to the Bosphorus, to enforce the United States' demand for "effective protection indemnity, punishment of the guilty parties, and reprimand of the authorities if found remiss," have been of frequent occurrence.

The first and most prominent case dates back to May, 1883, when two missionaries of the American Presbyterian Church, the Rev. Dr. G. C. Raynolds and the Rev. Mr. Knapp. were attacked near Sitlis, Asia Minor, by a band of Kurds under the leadership of a chief named Moussa Bey. Reporting the facts to the Department of State, the United States Minister said: "Both of them were severely beaten, one of

them receiving numerous sword cuts, and then both were tied and left to starve. Dr. liaynolds managed, after much suffering, to release himself, and then assisted in freeing Mr. Knapp, both of them thus making their escape and saving their lives." Efforts to obtain redress from the Turkish authorities for this infringement of treaty rights were carried on without satisfactory

Oscar Straus, and far into the term of our present Minister, Mr. Solomon Hirsch. Moussa Bey was twice brought to a mock trial and "No case" was found against him. On May 0, 1800, Secretary Dlaine wrote to Mr.

esult for seven years, lasting through the

terms of Ministers Lew Wallace, S. S. Cox.

Hirsch: "The whole conduct of this question on the part of the Turkish Government has been most disheartening, and not calculated to quicken a perception of the guarantees of justice and protection to American citizens which the Ottoman administration of law is asserted to afford."

The British Minister added his persuasive power to those of the United States, Moussa Bey being a sort of outlaw at war with civilization. Finally, in a manner peculiar to Turk

Bey being a sort of collaw and water with ration. Finally, in a manner peculiar to Turkish justice, a decree was issued by the Porto, condemning Moussa Bey to perpetual exile in Median. Arabia.

He was arrested, brought to Constantinople in October, 1800, and shipped on a Turkish steamer to Joidah, and thence was conveyed overland to his place of exile. Minister Hirsch in reporting these facts significantly added: "It is said that no man exiled to Medina ever returned."

School troubles have largely been at the bottom of the hostility to American missionaries. Dr. Raynolds, one of Moussa Bey's victims, established thirty or more American missionary schools in Syria and other parts of the Turkish dominions.

In 1898 these schools were summarily closed by the Turkish authorities on the ground that the missionaries violated the Turkish school laws by admitting and attempting to prosestyte Moslem children. On April 25, 1800, Minister Hirsch reported to the State Department as follows:

"Nearly a year ago two American missionaries, the Rey, Mr. McDowell and Dr. Wishard.

as follows:
"Nearly a year ago two American missionaries, the key, Mr. McDowell and Dr. Wishard, were travelling through the mountains of Hoshkale, near the Persian frontier, when they were entitled into a secluded valley and robbed by some of the Nessorian mountaineers. taineers.
They made a statement of the case to the

They made a statement of the case to the Legation at the time and the matter was brought to the attention of the Sublime Porter by Mr. King, chargé d'affaires, as reported to you in his despatch No. 10, July 30, 1889.

"The missionaries, although living in Persia, have had achools on the Turkish eide of the frontier, in the district of Gawar, for many years, and as they have to go and come, it is quite important to them to have the wrong which they have suffered redressed.

"It is very important to remove from the minds of the people the blea of immunity, and inasmuch as the Legation has not had any response to the complaint made last July. I address a new note to the Sublime Porte on the subject, a copy of which is here enclosed."

Mossers McDowell and Wishard professed a readiness and ability to identify their assailants, but no steps were taken by the Turkish authorities for the arrest and punishment of the offenders.

This unredressed outrage being followed by the burning of Mr. Bartlett's house has apparently led the State Department to the conclusion that its demands upon Turkey for protection to American missionaries must be enforced by something stronger than diplomatic correspondence.

Hence the despatch of gunbeats to the Bos-

correspondence.

Hence the despatch of gunbeats to the Bos-phorus contemporaneously with the request

into turks in waters was festionary denied at nouncemous of the fast by the State Department of that fast by the State Department was produced.

This morning a press despatches announce that the Norward suited predicting the state of the produced of the state of the produced of the pro

Ended the Argument with an Axe. John Belehaey and Alexander Beaniek.

Polish coopers, work in a barrel factory attached to one of the Jersey City sugar re fineries. Each was confident that he could do more work than the other. As both boarded at 38% Greene street, there was frequent opportunity for dispute about the matter.

Shortly after midnight on Friday Belchaey and Beanick met and renewed their quarrel. Both had been drinking. Words soon brought blows. Beanick was getting the better of his fee when Belchaey run into the yard and seized an axe. Beturning, he dealt Beanick a blow on the head that fractured his skull. Tolkemen Finlerty and Quinn arrested Belchaey and sent Beanick to the hospital. He may die, but yesterday his condition was slightly improved. Belchaey is held to await the result of his victim's injuries. more work than the other. As both boarded

Killed Himself Because He Had No Work John Hausch, 61 years old, who worked as a salesman in Jacob Davidson's shoe store at 106 Canal street for twenty years, was laid off a month ago. He lived with his wife Susan at 99 Allen street. He was a sober and industrious man. When he got out of work he wor-ried. He left home at noon on Friday. Police-man Cowan found him in an wagon in front of 117 Allen street at 8-15 o'clock yesterday morning. He had swallowed a big dose of Paris green. He was taken to Gouverneur Hospital and died there in the afternoon. POLITICAL NOTES.

Rayonet rate is over in the South. It cannot be revived. The people will not permit it. No Force bill.

Ne Negro Domination. Ex-Alderman Michael McKenna, who died on Sunday last, represented the Fifteenth district in the Roard of Addermen of 1835. He was a Tyrone man, stalwart of frame, and 52 years of are. He was very popular on the west side of town, though he had been living of

Timothy J. Campbell, who is not nominated for Congress this year in the district in which Harry Miner is a candidate, will be, for the first time since 1867, without an office or one to aspire to. Weight Holcomb, it is now announced, is a candidate

for Congress in the district represented by John De Witt Warner. Mr. Holcomb has been almost continuonaly since 1890 a candidate for office, usually of an appointive character. The Democratic State Committee is a much able and efficient body than the Republican State Com-

mittee which has charge of the canvass in this State, a fact which will be fully demonstrated on Nov. 8. The only thing left for the anti-snappers to do to to

The total vote of the State of New York for President in 1834 was 1,170,000. In 1888, four years later, it was 1,300,000. This year it will hardly fall short of 1.500,000, and 750,000 votes will be necessary to secure an electoral majority of the total cast. Harrison's vote in 1888 was 650,000, 100,000 short of onehalf of the prospective vote this year.

McDonough Craven, who has been sning the city for salary as an employee of the Department of Public Works from Aug. 1, 1886, to Jan. 0, 1802, claiming as due \$8,250 has recovered judgment against the city for \$3,263.33. The city has been a large loser by the failure of various boards and officials who, instead of discharging employees whose services are no longer re-quired, "suspended" them without pay. Such suspen-sion has been held by the courts to be illegal. Reveral east side members of the Board of Aldermen

ho were last year chosen on the Tammany Hall ticket, though not at the time of their nomination mem pers of Tammany Hall, will this year be able to return lidates, from present appearances. In the number of these are four of the five in the Oriental district. Wil liam Cinney, in the Sixth district, last year was a member of the County Democracy; Charles Smith of the Eighth district was a member of the Republican Business Men's Association, Joseph Martin in the Tenth and Charles J. Smith in the Fourteenth were both members of the New York or Voorbis Democracy.
All four had been members of other organizations than Tammany, but were taken up to strengthen the Tam many ticket, and all of them, from present appearances, will be succeeded this year by straightout Tammany men. The friends of Clancy, Martin, and the two Smiths declare that they will run independent.

There have been but six Chairmen of our Democratic State Committee in twenty-five years: Samuel J. Til den, Allun C. Beach, Lester B. Faulkner, Charles B. B. Walker, Daniel Manning, and Edward Murphy.

The Electoral law of the State has been much simpli The Electoral law of the state may been in Legislatura field this year by the act of the Democratic Legislatura in repeating a number of old and almost obsolete statutes, three of them dating back to years prior to 1850. The business of balloting will be easier in New York this year, thus a way time since the new fangled Electoral law went into . Test in 1800.

The People's party in rupport of James B. Weaver for President—or the Populista as they call themselves in the West—ho'd weekly meetings in this city for the purpose of securing an organized following for the liawkeys General. The people who have charge of the affair are, most of them, old greenbackers who have been prominent in third-party movements since the year 1878. Weaver is not likely to poll a very large vote in New York, and he will be doing well, observers think, if he gets as many votes in this town as are cas stready conceded, and it would not be a subject of much surprise if the Socialists should poll this year large vote for their Presidential ticket. Whenever there are are labor troubles in any part of the country and a warm discussion of labor questions, the Socialist vote always takes an upward spurt. On Governo last year it was 5,000 in the city, and 0,000 in the counties of the State outside of New York. A total of 10,000 votes from the city and 15,000 in the othe counties of the State is counted on this year. It is announced on good authority that John Stacom

has joined the Tammany Itali General Committee of the new Twenty-ninth Assembly district, Starom halls from the Sixth ward, where he formerly kept a saloon, wherein he also transacted such professions law business as fell to his care. His office, residence and place of business was on Elm street, opposite th Tombs. He was a member of the Board of Councilme from 1865 to 1869. He then became Warlen of the Tombs. Subsequently he joined frying Hall, and was its leader in the Second Assembly district. While holding that post Mr. Stacom was the prin ciral figure in a rather amusing episode during the election of 1887. He had charge of the business of procuring booths for the twenty-eight districts of that year, and the finances of the Irving Hall party being at a low ebb the work of ordering them was delayed Carpenters are not as numerous in the Second district as are liquor saloons, and those of them upon whom Mr. Stacom called he found to be overrun with orders for work; but on the Saturday night before election he was fortunate in uncarthing a modest and unpretentious

unseat a member henceforth, except for misconduct, or by the action of courts having due jurisdiction, if he shall have received a certificate of election. This amendment is in conformity with the auggestion fire officially made by Gov. David B. Hill, that the settle ment of contested election cases should be remitted to the determination of the courts.

The second amendment, as proposed, relates to the addition of two Supreme Court Judges in the New York and Brooklyn circuits, and to one additional Supreme Court Judge in the other circuits throughout the State The third amendment authorizes the Legislature to dis pose of the Onondaga sait springs by selling them. These springs were conveyed by the chiefs of the Onondaga tribe to the State of New York in May, 1788, and the Constitution of the State provides that the Legislature shall at no time soil or dispose of these springs, which as superaised thirty years ago had a value of \$1,200,000. The Limpure State desires to go out of the sait business, and to sail the property which was decided to it more than a century ago by the indians, and the proposed amendment is to enable it to do so legally. A Constitutional amendment must, to be adopted, secure the affirmative vote of a majority the persons voting at the election at which it is offered for acceptance or rejection.

Brawing the Line on the Architec. From Pack.

Mr. Renney Sance-New, where would you prefer the drawing room?

Mr. Struckile—Look here, young man, I've let you put up a smeakin room, when I don't smoke; a music room, when I couldn't play a mostly organ; a nursery, when I am't ket he burse, and a pantry when I don't pant; but I'm roim to draw the has at a drawing room, when I couldn't even draw a straight line. MARINE INTELLIGENCE

DIRIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY. Fun rises 5 16 | Fun sets 6 49 | Moon rises. 4 0 RIGH WATER-THIS PAY Sandy Hook, 6 37 | Gov. Island, 7 05 | Hell Gate, 8 85

Sa City of Chester, Pusson, Liverpool, Sa Rituita, Haines, Liverpool, Sa Rituita, Haines, Liverpool, Sa Ansaterdam, Salmer, Hotterdam, Sa Piekulosa, Salmarek, Albers, Hamburg, Sa Piekulosa, Spiloti, Hamburg, Sa Piekulosa, Spiloti, Hamburg, Sa Justin, Bisson, Para, Sa Tallahasser, Askins, Savannah, Sa talahria, Resa, Philadelphia, Ship W. H. Cersar, Duncan, Barbadoes Bark Sambold, Heie, Hamburg.

For later arrivals see First Page. ARRIVED OUT. Es Santiago, from New York, at St. Jago. Se Warsland, from New York, off the Lizard.

FAILED FROM PORRIGH PORTS Se Veendam, from Rotterdam for New York, Se Vigilancia, from Rio Janeiro for New York, Se Vigilancia, from Rio Janeiro for New York Se Narohi, from Havana for New York, Se Vachemire, from Naples for New York, Es Cachemire, from Naples for New York, Es Carlebue, from St. Croix for New York.

Algonquin, Charleston Hails Class Tallahassee, Navanuas Trave, Bremen 4 00 A. M. Moravia, Hamburg INCOMING STRANSRIPS Due Today

Due Monday, Aug. 22. Due Tuesday, Aug. 28. Nevada. Due Wednesday, Aug. 24. City of Paris Havel Noordiand. Britannia Italia Niagara.... Liverpool Bremen. Antwerp. Gibraitar Stettin Havana Due Thursday, Aug. 25. Rotterdam... Liverpool... London.... Germania Korrepto. Italia America. Caracas. Liverpool
Ilamburg
Gibraitar
London
Laguayra

Business Motices,

If you suffer from looseness of the bowels, Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters will surely cur-

MARRIND. CUTTING-MELIGMAN,-On July 28, at Mor

ARKER-BIRDSALL On Tuesday, Aug. 10 1892, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles C Gridley, Waterioo, N. Y., by the Rev. William S. Car ter, Mr. Winthrop Parker and Mrs. Susan A. R. Bird sail, daughter of the late B. Dudley Robinson,

DIED.

DAMS,-On Friday, Aug. 19, 1892, Almena J. beloved wife of Charles Adams of Governor's Island U. S. Army, aged 30 years. Funeral from St. Luke's Hospital, 54th st. and 5th av., on Sunday, Aug. 21, at 2 P. M. Connecticut papers please copy. BEC HTO L.DT. Buddeniy, Wednesday night, Aug

Funeral private and from his late residence to-day (Sunday, Aug. 21, 1892) at 12:45 P. M. Interme at Woodlawn. Please omit flowers and messages o

BENNETT,-At Fair Haven, N. J., on Aug. 19, Stout Hoimes Bonnett, aged 73 years. Funeral will take place Sunday, Aug. 21, at 2:50

BROWN,-On Aug. 19, 1892, at Morristown, J.N. Mary C. F. Brown, widow of W. Mortimer Brown M. D., aged 70 years. Funeral in Newark, N. J. BURR .- On Aug. 20, 1892, at Harrison, N. J., Sarah Burr, widow of Stephen Burr, aged 51 years.
Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the
residence of her son-in-law, Robert Moffatt, Harri-

Christ's Episcopal Church at 2 o'clock. Intermen at Fairmount Cemetery. ARBREY.-On Aug. 20, 1892, at Harrison, N. J. Michael Cathrey, aged 55 years.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 26 Cleveland av., Harrison, N. J., or Monday, Aug. 22, at 8 o'c'ock A. M., and from Holy Cross R. C. Church, where a bigh mass of requien

son, N. J., on Monday, Aug. 22, at 1 P. M., and from

will be offered for the repose of his soul. Intermen at Cometery of the Holy Sapulchra. LARKE.-At Antwerp, Belgium, on Aug. 12, Benj.

O. Clarke of New York, aged 72 years,
Due notice of funeral will be given.
COATEM. -On Aug. 19, 1892, at Finderne, R. J., James W. Coates in the 65th year of his are Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to at-tend the funeral services on Monday at 8:30. Train leaves foot of Liberty st., C. R. R. of N. J., at 1:30. Carriages will be in waiting.

OLLINS,-On Aug. 18, 1892, at Philadelphia, Pa Patrick Collins.
Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of James Hagan, 97 Summit st., on Monday, Aug. 22, at 8 o'clock A. M., and from St, Patrick's Cathedral, where solemu high mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment at the Cemetery of the Holy Sepulchre

OUVY.-On Aug. 20, 1892, at Jersey City, Albert Couvy, aged 7 months. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, 505 De Mott st., on Sur

day, Aug. 21, at 20 clock P. M.; RATER,—On Aug. 20, 1882, at Newark, N.J., Elizabeth A. Crater, aged 53 years 7 months and 18 days. Notice of funeral hereafter. TIRLEY -At Pelham Manor, N. Y. on Aug. 10

Minnie A. beloved wife of William N. Curiey and daughter of the late John English. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the So cred Heart, Mount Vernou. N. Y., on Monday, Aus EVOF .- On Friday night at 10:30 o'clock o pneumonia, Charles, Jr., aged 12 years and 3 days, eldest son of Annie B. C. Beck and Charles Dayse. Funeral services will be held at the residence of his parents, 321 West 108d st., on Monday, 22d inst.

DUFFY .-- On Aug. 18, 1892, at Newark, N. J., Mary Duffy, aged 52 years.
Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 80 Union at., on Monday, Aug. 22, at 8 o'clock A. M., and from St. James's Roman Catholic Church, where a high mess of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment at the Cemetery of the Holy Sepulchre

FEENEY.—Suddenly on Aug. 20, 1892, Julia, the wife of Martin Feeney, aged 57 years and 2 days. Funeral takes place on Monday at 1 o'clock from 385 Alexander av. PERRETTI,-On Aug. 18, 1892, at Hoboken, N. J., Benedetto Ferretti, aged 65 years.
Friends are invited to attend the funeral from his

late residence, 421 tirand st., Heboken, on Sanday forencen, Aug. 21, at 9 o'clock. INCH Ett,-On Aug. 10, 1892, at Jersey City, Catherine Pischer, aged 57 years. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence. G Hancock av. on Sunday after-

noon, Aug. 21, at 12:30 o'clock, REENE,-On Aug. 17, 1802, at Jersey City, N. J.

Alice May Greene, daughter of Henry A. and Annie L. Greene, aged 21 years. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, 27 Church st. Jersey City Reights, on Sunday afternoon, Aug. 21, at 2 o'clock, GUERTIN, On Aug. 19, 1892, at Newark, N. J., Oliver Guerin, son of Newton and Uranta Gueria,

aged 1 year and 2 months.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of he parents, 15 Concord at, on Sunday afternoon, Aug 21, at 1 o'clock. Interment at Woodland Cemetery. HILLEHRLCHT,-On Friday, Aug. 19, 1892, at

Wechnwken, S. J., Mary L. Hillebrecht, aged 17 years 11 months and 8 days. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, West 19th at., Weehawken, on Su day afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, and from 5t. Mathias's Church, 5th st., between Jersey av. and Erie st., Jersey City, at 2 20 o'clock. 110G a N .- On Aug. 19, 1892, at Weehawken, R. J.

Thomas F. Hogan, aged 28 years. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from his inte residence, 18th st., Weehawken, N. J., on Bunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

JUNQUERA, -On Aug. 20, 1892, at Jersey City. N. J., John Junquera, aged 8 months. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from \$17

High at , on Sunday afternoon, Aug. 21, at 1 o'clock, Interment at Greenwood Cemetery. KIRK MAM. - On Aug. 18, 1802, at Jersey City, N. Bessie C. Kirkham, wife of George H. Kirkham, aged 20 years. Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her into residence, 318 Delaware tv., on Sunday after-noon, Aug. 21, at 2:80 o'clock.

KNOBLOCH, -On Thursday, Aug. 18, Adam Ence loch, in his 43d year.

Relatives and friends, also members of Soion Ledge,
No. 771, F. and A. M.; W. S. Hancack Council, So.
1952, E. A.; Northwestern Masonic Aid Association,

are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, S15 fith av., on Sunday, Aug. 21, at half past 1 P. M. Interment at Greenwood, KOPPES, Thursday, Ang. 18. Herman D. son of Adolph and Theone A. Koppel, at Fielschmann's, Catraille, suddenly, of crosp, aged 4 years and 7

RUEPPERS.-Suddeniv. Friday, Ang. 18, 1809. Amelia Kueppers, beloved wife of Otto Kueppers, Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to se-tend funeral services at residence, Lodi, N. J., Sue-

day, Aug. 21, at 2 P. M. Interment at Cedar Laws LENKE, On Aug. 20, 1892, at Hoboken, N. J., Carbline Lenke, aged 72 years.
Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 135 Park av., Hoboken, on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment at Hoboken

Cemetery.

I.UI:RICH. On Aug. 18, 1892, at Newark, W. J.,
Frederick G. Lucrich, aged 72 years and 10 months.
Relatives and friends are kindly invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 26 South Orange av., on Sunday, Aug. 21. Interment at Pair

mount Cemetery.
LYNCH.,-On Aug. 19, 1892, at Rossevelt Rospital.

Michael Lynch, son of Michael and Untharine Lynch, aged 22 years.

Friends are invited to attend the foneral from his late residence, 112 Liberty st., Union Hill, N. J., Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock,

MIFFILM EIFFER.—On Thursday, Aug. 18, Joseph Minibeiser, in his 73d year. Belatives and friends, also members of Cong. Redotph Beholom and Hevra Bikor Holom and Lodges Palestine, I. O. F of I.; Eion, I. O. F. of I.; Manhattan, I. O. S. of R.; Zion, I. O. B. B., and House Owners' Association Elevanth and Seventeenth wards, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 41 Av. C. Sunday, Aug. 21, at 9:50. Interment in Unionfield Cemetery. McDI:RWOTT, -On Aug. 18, William McDermett,

at his residence, 182 Myrtle av. Funeral Sunday, at 3 P. M., from his son's residence, 183 Marion st. Relatives, friends, and members of St. John's Chapel Council, No. 1, C. B. L., are tayled

To attend.

McGolf. D.R. F.C.K. .- On Thursday, 18th inst. Arthur McGoldrick, a native of Omagh, county Tyrons, Ireland, in his 68th year.

Funeral Sunday, haif past 1 P. M., from his late residence, 202 East 63d at. Relatives and friends in-

where, 20° past dod at. Relatives and Friends invited to attent.

NAGEL.—On Aug. 10, 1802, at Jersey City, N. 3.

Maria E. Nazel, aged 69 years 5 months and 9 days.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her
late residence, 521 Henderson at. on Monday,
Aug. 22, at w o'clock A. M. Interment at Hudson
C.C. Catholic Cemeters.

C. C. Catholic Cemetery. NEW TON ,-On Aug. 20, 1892, at Irrington, M. J., Formh A. Newton, aged 70 years.
Relatives are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, Union av., Irvington, on Monday. Aug. 22, at 2 o'clock P. M.

NIXON,-On the 18th inst., John Nixon, aged 85 years. His relatives and friends, also the members of Twosty-eighth precinct. Municipal Police; Fyramid Ledge 4:00, F. and A. M.; Ivy Lodge, Order United Workmen; Metametra Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his residence, 186 8th av., on Sunday

at I o'clock P. M. Interment at Greenwood.

after a brief lliness, Gracis Winthr wood K. Oliver of Asheville, N. C.

OLIVER,-in Newton Lower Falls, Mass., Aug. Q.

RUSHFARTH,-On Saturday, Aug. 30, William H.

Rushfarth, at his late residence, Rutherford, N. J. Relatives and friends, also members of Citizen Ledge No. 628 F. and A. M., are invited to attend his funeral from the Rutherford M. E. Church, on Tues day, Aug. 23, at 3 P. M. Train leaves Chambers et.

Eric R. R., 1:50 P. M.

EYAN.-On Friday, Aug. 19, Mary F. Ryan, elden daughter of the late Thomas and Eliza Ryan. Funeral on Sunday from her residence, 120% 1st av. E Y A N .- On Aug. 20, 1892. at Hoboken, N. J., Mabes

M. Ryan, infant child of William and Margie Ryan aged 1 month. lice of funeral hereafter. SATCH WELL,-On Aug. 19, 1892, at Harrison, M. J., Thomas Satchwell, Relatives and friends are invited to attend the fu-

neral from his late residence, 54 Hamilton st., Har-rison, N. J., on Sunday, Aug. 21, at 2 o'clock P. M. Interment at Ariington Cemetery.

SCRESS NESS.—On Ang. 19, 1892, at Newark, N. J.,
Etna May Scribner, daughter of John L. and Jestie
M. Scribner, aced 4 menths.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the

residence of her parents, 143 Jefferson et., on San-day afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Interment at Pair-mount Cemetery. STEW ART.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Aug. 17. Robert S. Stewart, aged 36 years.
Funeral from his late residence, 66 West D6th st., on Sunday, Aug 21, as 2 o'clock P. M.
FAYLOR,—Suddenly, on Thursday, Aug. 18, 1893.

Dr. Clarence O. Taylor, aged 40 years Relatives and friends, also members of Empire Coun-cil, 557, itoyai Arcanum, and the medical profes-sion are invited to attend the funeral service at his late residence, 1,449 Lexington av., on Bunday, Aug. 21, at 2 o'clock P. M.

THOM AN,-At Leonia, N. J., on Aug. 18, David Caldwell Thomas, aged 45 years.

VON SERNUTS.—On Thursday, Aug. 18, at Pearl it House, Lake George, son of F. A. von Bernuth, in his 30th year.

WEHRELL.—On Aug. 19, 1892, at Hoboken, N. J.,
Josephine Wehrell, aged 5 years and 21 days.

Funeral private.

WEHL.—On Aug. 18, Emily, beloved daughter of

Adolph Well, in the 24th year of her age. Funeral on Sunday at 1 P. M., from residence, 278 East Stat. Friends, also lodges, Phonix, Naphthe

lia, No. 10, F. S. O. L.; Progress, No. 19, S. O. B., and National, No. 209, F. A. M., are invited, WERDANN.—On Thursday, Aug. 18, Louis J. Werdann, in his 27th year. Funeral from his late residence, 231 East 87th at., on Sunday at 1 P. M.

ZACH A U.-On Aug. 18, 1892, at Jersey City Heights. Oloff Zachau, aged 8 years.
Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the

residence of his parents, 72 llutton st., on Sunday, Aug. 21, at 2 o'clock P. M. Interment at Weeham ken Cemetery. MAPLE GROVE CEMETERY.

aple Grove station. Long Island Railroad. For pac-culars address office, 1.273 Broadway, N.Y. Monnt Hope Cemeters. Office 380 6th av., corner 231 at., New York.

Special Hotices. BROWN'S HOU-LHOLD PANACEA.

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PREPARATIONS

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"THE HUMANITARIAN." VICTORIA WOODHULL. AUGUST Number contains, among other articles: "Efficacy of Punishments,"

"Philanthrony and Economics."

750 -- Bacon'a "Novem Organum." Hellam's "Bre Organism" Cackiry, "Araceas." Redders Facility (Captors, "French songs," Wilson's "Earder Facility (Captors, "France, "Farth, and Santa, and Santas, "Farth, and